University of Minnesota

Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory College of Veterinary Medicine 1333 Gortner Avenue

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Female

Accession Number: D08-045991 Owner: KUHN, MEREDITH

CRITTER CREEK FARM

LABRADORS 33873 "S" AVE ADEL, IA

Veterinarian:

Dr. Pat Rohret Adel Veterinary Clinic

619 Greene St Adel, IA 50003 **Received:** 09/03/2008

Reference:

Species: Canine

Breed: Labrador Retriever

Age: 8/13/05 Sex:

Weight:

Site:

Diagnostic Report: Genetic Test for Canine Exercise Induced Collapse (EIC)

Specimen From: Critter Creek Queen LaTrieva. With Identification: 4657174A32

With Registration Number: SR28466204 **ID Verified by Veterinarian:** Yes

Result: Clear

See following page for interpretation.

Orthopedic Foundation for Animals (OFA) International DNA Based Genetic Database: To register your result with the OFA, make a copy of this result page, sign below, and mail WITH FEE to:

Orthopedic Foundation for Animals

2300 E Nifong Blvd Columbia, MO 65201-3806 or FAX to: 573-875-5073

I hereby certify that the sample submitted was of the animal described on this application. I authorize the OFA to verify any attached laboratory reports with the issuing lab. I further authorize the laboratory issuing the attached documentation to verify the reported test results with the OFA upon their direct request. I authorize the OFA to release all information on the test results thus placing the results in the public domain and I hereby release OFA from any and all liability associated with the release of test information.

Signature of owner or authorized representative:

Fees

A litter of 3 or more submitted together.....\$30.00 total Kennel rate: Individuals submitted as a group, owned/co-owned by the same person

Payments can be made by check, money order (U.S. funds drawn on a U.S. bank), cash, Visa, or MasterCard, payable to the Orthopedic Foundation for Animals.

Exp Date Visa/MasterCard Number Name on Card CVV (security code)

Affected dogs at any age are no charge

Interpretation

Clear: Your dog is clear of the mutation associated with EIC. This means that your dog has two copies of the normal gene and therefore is highly unlikely to be susceptible to the classic syndrome of EIC. However, this result does not rule out the possibility that your dog could have a collapse condition that is different from the condition most Labrador Retrievers have.

Carrier: Your dog is a carrier of the mutation associated with EIC. This means that your dog has one copy of the normal form of the gene and one copy of the mutated form of the gene associated with EIC susceptibility. Our research indicates that two mutated copies of the gene are almost always required for EIC susceptibility. However, a small percentage of carrier dogs, such as yours, have collapsed under instances of intense exercise and/or excitement/stress. At present, we are unable to state if this collapse is the result of the EIC mutation, or from another unidentified cause. Also, please be aware that a carrier will pass a copy of the EIC gene on to half of its offspring.

Affected: Your dog has two copies of the mutation associated with EIC and is therefore highly susceptible to episodes of EIC. Your dog will pass a copy of this mutation on to all its offspring. Some dogs have died during an EIC episode so we recommend that you have your dog stop exercising at the first signs of any weakness or wobbliness, and that you have them avoid collapse "triggers" such as hunt test and field trial training, or upland game hunting. Dogs with susceptibility to EIC can often perform mild to moderate exercise without collapsing.

Further Information

Recent research at the University of Minnesota has identified a genetic mutation that is highly associated with EIC susceptibility. We define EIC as a condition in which collapse usually occurs after 5 - 10 minutes of intense exercise and/or intense excitement/stress. The first signs of an impending episode are typically weakness or wobbliness, especially in the rear legs. Most of the time, a dog with EIC will recover within 15 - 30 minutes of rest. There are however, affected dogs who have died during exercise or while resting immediately after an episode of exercise-induced collapse so an affected dog's exercise should ALWAYS be stopped at the first hint of in-coordination or wobbliness.

We have designated the letter E to indicate the mutant (EIC) form of the gene and N to indicate the normal form of the gene. A dog's particular combination of N or E forms of the gene is known as its genotype. The genotype of a normal dog is designated as N/N and is clear of the mutation. The condition is most likely to be autosomal recessive, in which a dog needs to have two mutated copies of the gene (E/E) to be affected. However, it remains possible that a small percentage of dogs with only one copy of the mutated gene (E/N carriers) might also collapse under specific circumstances. N/N dogs do not have EIC, however, there are many other causes of collapse that can occur with exercise.

Since available data points to EIC being inherited in a recessive fashion, it almost always requires that both parents be either carriers (E/N) or affected (E/E) to produce a puppy with EIC. The chance of any given puppy with EIC (i.e., with the E/E genotype) being born from a litter produced by parents of all possible genotypes is indicated in the following table.

Chance of an EIC affected (E/E) puppy being born from parents of known genotypes

	Sire's Genotype		
	N/N	E/N	E/E
Dam's Genotype			
N/N	0%	0%	0%
E/N	0%	25%	50%
E/E	0%	50%	100%

For example, breeding an E/N sire to an N/N dam can only produce puppies that are E/N or N/N. On the other hand, breeding an E/N sire to an E/E dam gives a 50% chance that a puppy will have EIC, since puppies can be either E/N or E/E. All puppies from the mating of two E/E parents will be E/E, and thus susceptible to EIC.

Outlook and Treatment

Dogs with the E/E genotype and exhibiting signs of EIC are rarely able to continue training or competition. The best treatment in most dogs consists of avoiding intensive exercise in conjunction with extreme excitement/stress and ending exercise at the first sign of weakness/wobbliness. A few dogs have, however, responded to medical treatment to the degree that they can re-enter training and competition at a high level. However, no treatment has been 100% effective in all dogs.

For additional information please refer to the following website:

www.vdl.umn.edu/vdl/ourservices/canineneuromuscular

***** Disclosure of financial interests: This test was developed through financial support from the AKC Canine Health Foundation. A portion of the proceeds from the test will be returned to the AKC Canine Health Foundation to further its mission to improve the health of all dogs. Drs. Mickelson, Patterson, and Taylor; and Minor, RN are the patent owners of this genetic test and a portion of the proceeds will go toward patent royalties.

James E. Collins, DVM, PhD, Diplomate, ACVP

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